HOUSE BILL No. 1629

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-30-5.

Synopsis: Imprisonment for operating a vehicle while intoxicated. Requires a court to order a person who has been convicted of operating a vehicle while intoxicated to be imprisoned for a certain minimum number of days based on: (1) the type of offense the person committed; and (2) the number of previous convictions for operating a vehicle while intoxicated that the person has accumulated. Repeals the current provision concerning mandatory imprisonment for operating a vehicle while intoxicated.

Effective: July 1, 1999.

Mellinger, Kruse, Kruzan

 $\label{eq:committee} January~21,~1999, read~first~time~and~referred~to~Committee~on~Courts~and~Criminal~Code.$



First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1629

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 9-30-5-15.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 1999]: Sec. 15.3. (a) In addition to any criminal penalty imposed
4	for an offense under this chapter, the court shall order that a
5	person be imprisoned for the offense as follows:
6	(1) If the person is convicted of a Class C misdemeanor and
7	the person:
8	(A) does not have a previous conviction of operating while
9	intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be
10	imprisoned for at least ten (10) days; or
11	(B) has at least one (1) previous conviction of operating
12	while intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be
13	imprisoned for at least thirty (30) days.
14	(2) If the person is convicted of a Class B misdemeanor, Class
15	C misdemeanor, or felony and the person:
16	(A) does not have a previous conviction of operating while
17	intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be



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1	imprisoned for at least ten (10) days;	
2	(B) has one (1) previous conviction of operating while	
3	intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be	
4	imprisoned for at least thirty (30) days;	
5	(C) has two (2) previous convictions of operating while	
6	intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be	
7	imprisoned for at least ninety (90) days; or	
8	(D) has at least three (3) previous convictions of operating	
9	while intoxicated, the court shall order that the person be	
10	imprisoned for at least one hundred eighty (180) days.	
11	(b) Notwithstanding IC 35-50-2-2 and IC 35-50-3-1, a term of	
12	imprisonment imposed under this section may not be suspended.	
13	(c) The court may require that a person serve a term of	
14	imprisonment imposed under this section in an appropriate	
15	facility.	
16	SECTION 2. IC 9-30-5-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,	
17	1999].	
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